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A new and efficient method for the dehalogenation of 5-halopyrazoles was developed by using the catalytic amount of palladium (II) chloride and triphenylphosphine as a ligand at reflux under constant flow of hydrogen gas. The reaction gave the corresponding pyrazole products in good to excellent yields ( $\geq 83 \%$ ).
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## INTRODUCTION

Pyrazoles [1] and pyrazolones [2] are an important family of heterocyclic compounds because of their wide range of pharmacological properties [3-11]. In particular, modified pyrazoles [12-18], pyrazolones [19-21], and polypyrroles [22-27] are the component of various active materials. They are also key starting materials for the synthesis of commercial aryl/hetarylpyrazolone dye [28-30] and acting as the efficient ligand [31] for the construction of various organometallic catalysts especially with early transition metals and lanthanides.

A halogen atom is often introduced to a given position of an arene or a heterocyclic compound to make them as the blocking group [32-36]. Occasionally, it is introduced from the side reactions [37]. A great number of halogenated organic compounds are hazardous pollutants widely distributed in the environment, especially polychlorinated biphenyls [38-41]. However, the dehalogenation is an important chemical transformation in organic synthesis and environmental remediation [42-45].

Many dehalogenation methods have been developed over years [46]. Recently, several new methods were provided by employing palladium [39,47-56], rhodium [53], iron [54], and nickel [55,56] as the catalysts. In particular, palladium catalyst is a very stable, readily commercially available, inexpensive, and comparatively nonhazardous source of hydrogen donor. However, a large number of methodologies are developed and used
toward aryl halides, especially aryl chlorides [47-59]. To the best of our knowledge, a few dehalogenation methods were performed in the heterocyclic or pyrazole systems according to the stronger bond energy of car-bon-halogen [60-62]. Whatever, the withdrawing groups (e.g., carbonyl group) was introduced toward the heterocyclic or pyrazole systems to promote the dehalogenation [61]. In this article, we report the first use of palladium chloride in the presence of triphenylphosphine and potassium tert-butoxide to remove the halogen atom in pyrazoles.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

As shown in Scheme 1, 5-halopyrazoles 3-13 were served as the substrates for the study of the newly developed dehalogenation method. Pyrazolones 1 and 5hydroxypyrazoles 2, served as the starting material, were obtained by reacting $\alpha$-keto esters with equal equivalent of arylhydrazines through tandem condensation and thermal cyclization reaction [21,63]. 5-Bromopyrazoles 3-10 were prepared from $\mathbf{1}$ with $\mathrm{PBr}_{3}$ in refluxing acetonitrile [63], and 5-bromopyrazoles 11-12 with 5-chloropyrazole 13 were prepared from the reaction of 2 with pure $\mathrm{POCl}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{POBr}_{3}$ at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [64,65].

To search for the best palladium catalyst and phosphine ligand, we chose 1,3-diphenyl-5-bromopyrazole 5 as the model for the dehalogenation reaction (Scheme 2

and Table 1). When compound $\mathbf{5}$ was reacted with various palladium catalysts including palladium chloride $\left(\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}\right)$, palladium acetylacetonate $\left(\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}\right)$, and $\mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)_{4}$, the poor yields of the product were obtained ( $<46 \%$, see entry 1 and 4 of Table 1 ). Using $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ or $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ as the catalyst in presence of various of bulky phosphine ligands including 1,4-bis(diphenylphosphino)butane, 1,1-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene (dppf), triphenylphosphine $\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)$, tri-o-tolylphosphine $(\mathrm{P}(o-$ tolyl $)_{3}$ ), and tri-2,4,6-tri-methoxyphenylphosphine $\mathrm{P}(2,4,6 \text {-tri- } \mathrm{OMePh})_{3}$ provided the model product 16 in good to excellent yields ( $\geq 93 \%$, see entry $2-7$ of Table $1)$. Considering the reactivity and the law material cost, we envisioned that the commercially available palladium chloride and triphenylphosphine $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ were the best dehalogenated catalyst and ligand for this reaction.

To investigate the effect of alkali-metal base, we applied the standard procedure to 1,3-diphenyl-5-bromopyrazole 5 in presence of palladium chloride and triphenylphosphine with 2.0 equivalents of the different bases including cesium and potassium carbonate, sodium hydrogencarbonate, and sodium methoxide. However, only the poor result was obtained and most of starting material was recovered (see entry $9-12$ of Table 1). When pyridine was used as a base under the same con-

Scheme 2

dition for 1,3-diphenyl-5-bromopyrazole 5, we did not detect the dehalogenated product 16 (see entry 13 of Table 1). The study showed the reactivity of bases was $t$-BuOK $>\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}>\mathrm{CsCO}_{3}>\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}>\mathrm{NaOMe}>$ pyridine for the reaction.

In the newly developed dehalogenation method, we first generated $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)_{2}$ by reacting $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ with triphenylphosphine $\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)$ in EtOH at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [66,67]. 5Halopyrazoles 3-13 were then treated with catalyst amount ( $3.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) of the resulting catalyst in toluene at reflux for $1-4 \mathrm{~h}$ under hydrogen atmosphere. The reaction provided the corresponding dehalogenated products $\mathbf{1 4} \mathbf{- 2 3}$ in good to excellent yields (Table 2). For simple 5-bromo-1-phenylpyrazoles 3-5 bearing $n$-propyl, $i$-propyl, or phenyl group at the C-3 position of the pyrazole ring, the desired dehalogenation products $\mathbf{1 4 - 1 6}$ were obtained in good to excellent yields (92-98\%, Table 2).

To search for the effect of the substitution on the pyrazole ring, the newly dehalogenation method was applied to substrates 6-12, which were attached with $o-\mathrm{Me}-\mathrm{Ph}, p-\mathrm{OMe}-\mathrm{Ph}, p-\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Ph}, p-\mathrm{Br}-\mathrm{Ph}, 2,4,6-\mathrm{tri}-\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Ph}$, 2-quinolinyl, or pyridyl groups at the $N-1$ position of the pyrazole. For compound 6 and 7 with $o-\mathrm{Me}-\mathrm{Ph}$ and $p-\mathrm{OMe}-\mathrm{Ph}$, the reaction provided the corresponding debromination products $\mathbf{1 7 - 1 8}$ in $92-95 \%$ yields (Table 2 ). The bromo atom on the pyrazole ring of compounds 8 and 9 with $p-\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Ph}$ or $p-\mathrm{Br}-\mathrm{Ph}$ at the $\mathrm{C}-5$ position was also debrominated. However, the debromination also

Table 1
The optimization study of dehalogenation of 5-bromopyrazole 5 .

| Entry | Catalyst ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Ligand | Base | Yields of product 16 (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | - | $t$-BuOK | 4 |
| 2 | $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $t$-BuOK | 98 |
| 3 | $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | dppf | $t$-BuOK | 96 |
| 4 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ | - | $t$-BuOK | 46 |
| 5 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ | $\mathrm{P}(\text { tolyl })_{3}$ | $t$-BuOK | 97 |
| 6 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ | $\mathrm{P}(2,4,6 \text {-tri-OMePh })_{3}$ | $t$-BuOK | 93 |
| 7 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ | 1,4-bis(diphenylphosphino)butane | $t$-BuOK | 95 |
| 8 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PPh})_{4}$ | $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $t$-BuOK | 51 |
| 9 | $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | 76 |
| 10 | $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{CsCO}_{3}$ | 54 |
| 11 | $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | NaOMe | Not detectable |
| 12 | $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ | Trace |
| 13 | $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | Pyridine | Not detectable |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ The amount of catalysts was used 0.03 equivalent

Table 2
The results of dehalogenation of 5-halopyrazoles 3-13 by using $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)_{2}$ as the catalyst. ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| 5-Halopyrazoles (3-13) |  |  |  | Pyrazoles (14-23) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S.M. | X | W | R | Products | X | Yields (\%) |
| 3 | Br | Ph | $n-\operatorname{Pr}$ | 14 | H | $94^{\text {b }}$ |
| 4 | Br | Ph | $i-\mathrm{Pr}$ | 15 | H | 92 |
| 5 | Br | Ph | Ph | 16 | H | $98^{\text {b }}$ |
| 6 | Br | $o-\mathrm{Me}-\mathrm{Ph}$ | Ph | 17 | H | 95 |
| 7 | Br | $p-\mathrm{OMe}-\mathrm{Ph}$ | Ph | 18 | H | $92^{\text {b }}$ |
| 8 | Br | $p-\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Ph}$ | Ph | 19 | H | $83^{\text {b }}$ |
| 9 | Br | $p-\mathrm{Br}-\mathrm{Ph}$ | Ph | 16 ( $\mathrm{W}=\mathrm{Ph}$ ) | H | 96 |
| 10 | Br | 2,4,6-tri-Cl-Ph | Ph | 20 ( $\mathrm{W}=2,6$-di-Cl-Ph) | H | 52 |
|  |  |  |  | 21 (W = 2,4,6-tri-Cl-Ph) | H | $44^{\text {b }}$ |
| 11 | Br | 2-quinolinyl | Ph | 22 | H | 85 |
| $12$ | Br | Pyridyl | Ph | 23 | H | 88 |
| 13 | Cl | Pyridyl | Ph | 23 | H | 84 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Catalyst $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)_{2}$ was prepared by following the previous reported procedure [66,67].
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Compounds 14, 16, 18-19, and 21 were reported previously, our spectroscopic data (14 [68], $\mathbf{1 6}$ [69], 18-19, and 21 [70]) are consistent with those of an authentic sample or published data in the literature.
took place on the phenyl ring in compound 9 to give the corresponding didebrominated product 16 in $96 \%$ yield (Table 2). As a result, the reaction was applicable to the aromatic and pyrazolic halide compounds. When we extended the same condition to 5-bromo-1-(2,4,6-trichlorophenyl)pyrazole 10, the corresponding debromination product 20 and didehalogenation product 21 were obtained in $52 \%$ and $44 \%$ yields, respectively (Table 2 ).

The dehalogenation also proceeded smoothly in compounds 11-13 bearing $N-1$ 2-quinolinyl or pyridyl group. The expected corresponding products 22 and 23 were obtained 85 and $88 \%$ yields, respectively (Table 2). Comparing the reaction conditions for $\mathbf{1 2}$ and 13, we found that the dechlorination is more difficult than debromination (Table 2). For example, the reaction time for the dechlorination reaction for $\mathbf{1 3}$ should be prolonged to 8 h to provide the $\mathbf{2 3}$ in good yield [71]. The structure of dehalogenated products $\mathbf{1 4} \mathbf{- 2 3}$ were fully characterized by spectroscopic methods. Served as an example, compound $\mathbf{1 6}$ possessed pyrazole ring characteristic peaks: a doublet resonance at $\delta 6.78 \mathrm{ppm}$ for the $\mathrm{C}-4$ proton, a doublet resonance at $\delta 7.96 \mathrm{ppm}$ for the $\mathrm{C}-5$ proton, and at $\delta 105.02$ and 126.32 ppm , which represented the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ in tertiary carbon in C-4 and C-5 on the pyrazole ring.

A general catalytic cycle for dehalogenation of 5-halopyrazoles 24 to pyrazoles 28 in the presence of palladium, phosphine, and $t$-BuOK base was depicted in Scheme 3 [72]. In the first step of this catalytic cycle, it involves the oxidation-addition process for the formation of the active catalyst $\operatorname{Pd}(0) \mathrm{L}_{2}$ to active the pyrazole-halogen bond 25 by coordination of $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ ligand. The second step is $t$-BuOK base attacking the palladium atom and replacing halide to form the pyrazole-palladium complex 26 and potassium halide [73]. In the next step, palladium
complex 26 was rapidly converted to generate palladium hydride complex 27 with bubble $\mathrm{H}_{2}$. Consequently, the reduction-elimination step was followed to give the dehalogenated pyrazole product 28 and regenerate the Pd $(0)$ species under hydrogen atmosphere.

In conclusion, we have successfully developed a new palladium-catalyzed dehalogenation reaction for 5-halopyrazoles by using palladium chloride as a catalyst and triphenylphosphine as a ligand at reflux with bubble $\mathrm{H}_{2}$. The reaction gave the corresponding dehalogenated products in excellent yields.

## EXPERIMENTAL

General procedure. Pyrazolones 1 or 5-hydroxypyrazoles $\mathbf{2}$ were synthesized according to literature

Scheme 3



procedure [21,63]. All chemicals were reagent grade and used as purchased unless otherwise noted. All reactions were monitored by TLC. Flash column chromatography was carried out on silica gel (70-230 mesh). Dichloromethane, ethyl acetate, hexanes, and toluene were purchased from Mallinckrodt Chemical. The following compounds were purchased from Acros Chemical: o-tolyhydrazine hydrochorolide, $n$-propyl acetoacetate, 4-bromophenylhydrazine hydrochloride, 4-chlorophenylhydrazine hydrochloride, ethyl isopropylacetate, 4-methoxyphenylhydrazine hydrochloride, palladium acetylacetonate, palladium chloride, phenylhydrazine, and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenyl hydrazine, 2-hydrazinopyridine, and isonicotinic acid hydrazide, 1,1-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene were purchased from TCI Chemical. 1,4-Bis(diphenylphosphino)butane, ethyl benzoylacetate, triphenylphosphine, tri-otolylphosphine, tri-2,4,6-tri-methoxyphenylphosphine were purchased from Alfa Chemical. Purification by gravity column chromatography was carried out by use of Merck Reagents Silica Gel 60 (particle size $0.063-$ $0.200 \mathrm{~mm}, 70-230$ mesh ASTM). Infrared (IR) spectra were measured on a Bomem Michelson Series FT-IR spectrometer. The wavenumbers reported are referenced to the polystyrene $1601 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ absortion. Absorption intensities are recorded by the following abbreviations: s, strong; m, medium; w, weak. Proton NMR spectra were obtained on a Bruker ( 200 MHz ) spectrometer by use of $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$, and $d 6$-DMSO as solvent. Car-bon-13 NMR spectra were obtained on a Bruker (50 MHz ) spectrometer by used of $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$, and d6DMSO as solvent. Carbon-13 chemical shifts are referenced to the center of the $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ triplet ( $\delta 77.0 \mathrm{ppm}$ ). Multiplicities are recorded by the following abbreviations: s, singlet; d, doublet; t , triplet; q , quartet; m, multiplet; $J$, coupling constant $(\mathrm{Hz})$. Elemental analyses were carried out on a Heraeus CHN-O RAPID element analyzer.

Standard procedure for bromination to prepare 5halopyrazoles (3-13). To a solution of pyrazolones $\mathbf{1}$ or 5-hydroxypyrazoles 2 (1.0 equiv) in acetonitrile (5 mL ), $\mathrm{POBr}_{3}, \mathrm{POCl}_{3}$, or $\mathrm{POBr}_{3}$ (4.0 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for $24-72 \mathrm{~h}$, stirred at room temperature for $\sim 1 \mathrm{~h}$. After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and slowly quenched with ice/water and extracted with a $5: 1$ mixture of hexane and EtOAc. The extract was dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel ( $20 \%$ EtOAc in hexanes as eluant) to give 5-halopyrazoles 3-13.

5-Bromo-1-phenyl-3-propyl-1H-pyrazole (3). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 0.96\left(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $1.58-1.73\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.62(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 6.24 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}$ ), 7.32-7.42 (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.487.53 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta$ $13.94,22.65,30.57,109.23,112.40,125.48,128.03$, 128.81, 139.09, 155.17; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3053 (m), 1593 (m), 1494 (s), 1453 (s), 1407 (m), 1358 (m), 1167 (m), 1064 (w), 1018 (w), 981 (m) cm ${ }^{-1}$; MS (ESI) $m / z: 267\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right), 265\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{14}{ }^{81} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right) 267.0320$, found 267.0318; calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{14}{ }^{79} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 265.0340, found 265.0339; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}$ : C, 54.36; H , 4.94; N, 10.57. Found: C, 54.38; H, 4.92; N, 10.59.

5-Bromo-3-isopropyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole (4). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 1.29\left(\mathrm{~d}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.98-3.02$ (m, 1 H, CH), $6.29(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, Py), 7.34-7.46 (m, 3 H , ArH), 7.50-7.55 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75\right.$ $\mathrm{MHz}) \delta 22.59,28.26,107.43,112.30,125.58,128.05$, 128.83, 139.15, 160.89; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3050 (m), 2963 ( s$), 2926$ ( s$), 2870$ (m), 2854 (m), 1598 ( s$)$, 1498 ( s ), 1458 (m), 1432 (m), 1399 (m), 1375 (m), 1297 (m), 1235 (w), 1088 (m), 988 (m), 976 (m), 909 (m) $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; MS (ESI) m/z: $267\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right), 265\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{14}{ }^{81} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right)$ 267.0320, found 267.0321; calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{14}{ }^{79} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$ $+\mathrm{H})$ 265.0340, found 265.0338; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}$ : C, $54.36 ; \mathrm{H}, 4.94 ; \mathrm{N}, 10.57$. Found: C, 54.33; H, 4.90; N, 10.54.

5-Bromo-1,3-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole (5). Yellow solid in $81 \%$ yield; mp $74-75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta$ 6.78 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}$ ), 7.37-7.62 (m, $8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.82 (d, 2 $\mathrm{H}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta$ 107.71, 113.64, 125.65, 125.72, 128.41, 128.46, 128.71, 128.94, 132.35, 139.06, 153.00; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3053 (m), 1593 (m), 1494 (s), 1453 (s), 1407 (w), 1358 (m), 1168 (m), 1064 (m), 1018 (m), 981 (m) cm ${ }^{-1}$; MS (ESI) $m / z: 301\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right), 299\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{12}{ }^{81} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right) 301.0163$, found 301.0164; calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{12}{ }^{79} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 299.0184, found 299.0186; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}$ : $\mathrm{C}, 60.22$; H, 3.71; N, 9.36. Found: C, 60.19; H, 3.74; N, 9.35.

5-Bromo-3-phenyl-1-o-tolyl-1H-pyrazole (6). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 2.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 6.78(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, Py), 7.29-7.42 (m, $7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.82-7.86 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 17.47,106.08,115.35$, $125.62,126.57,128.26,128.34,128.73,129.85,130.99$, $132.53,136.51,138.13,152.89$; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3049 (m), 2924 (s), 2854 (m), 1497 (s), 1457 (m), 1357 (m), $980(\mathrm{~m}) \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; MS (ESI) m/z: $315\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right), 313$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14}{ }^{81} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$ +3 ) 315.0320, found 315.0316; calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14}{ }^{79} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right) 313.0340$, found 313.0338; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{BrN}_{2}$ : C, 61.36; H, 4.18; N, 8.94. Found: C, 61.40; H, 4.21; N, 8.92.

5-Bromo-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazole (7). White solid in $81 \%$ yield; $\mathrm{mp} 80-81^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300\right.$
$\mathrm{MHz}) \delta 3.85\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 6.76(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}), 6.98(\mathrm{~d}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), $7.33-7.43$ (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.50 $(\mathrm{d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.82(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 55.54,107.12$, $114.05,125.57,127.20,128.29,128.66,132.13,132.41$, 152.64, 159.59; IR (diffuse reflectance) 2926 (m), 2846 (m), 1606 (m), 1516 (s), 1455 (m), 1362 (m), 1300 (w), 1250 (s), 1175 (m), 1030 (m), 979 (m), 833 (m) cm ${ }^{-1}$; MS (ESI) m/z: $331\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right), 329\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14}{ }^{81} \mathrm{BrN}_{2} \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right) 331.0269$, found 331.0273; calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14}{ }^{79} \mathrm{BrN}_{2} \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 329.0290, found 329.0291; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{BrN}_{2} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 58.38 ; \mathrm{H}, 3.98$; $\mathrm{N}, 8.51$. Found: C, 58.40 ; H, 3.95; N, 8.54.

5-Bromo-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazole (8). White solid; mp 94-95 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 6.79$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}$ ), 7.34-7.49 (m, $5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.57 (d, $2 \mathrm{H}, J$ $=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \operatorname{ArH}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 108.02,113.58,125.59$, $126.80,128.53,128.71,129.10,132.06,134.24,137.48$, 153.25; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3136 (w), 3059 (w), 2922 (w), 1593 (m), 1526 (m), 1494 (s), 1454 (s), 1392 (w), 1360 (s), 1303 (w), 1237 (m), 1094 (m), 1075 (m), 1028 (m), 978 (m), 830 (m), 763 (m), 691 (m), 572 (m), 508 (w) $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{ClBrN}_{2}$ : C, 54.00; H, 3.02; N, 8.40; Cl, 10.63. Found: C, 53.90; H, 2.92; N, 8.38; Cl, 10.79.

5-Bromo-1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazole (9). Yellow solid in $75 \%$ yield; $\mathrm{mp} 97-98^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300\right.$ $\mathrm{MHz}) \delta 6.79(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}), 7.34-7.43$ (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), $7.51(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.62(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.7$ $\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.80(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}$ $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 108.09,113.51,122.22,125.59$, 127.05, 128.54, 128.71, 132.04, 132.07, 137.98, 153.28; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3131 (w), 3059 (m), 2923 (w), 1892 (w), 1589 (m), 1525 (m), 1493 (s), 1455 (s), 1391 (m), 1360 (m), 1302 (m), 1239 (m), 1068 (s), 978 ( s$)$, 949 (m), 827 (m), 763 (m), 691 (m), 571 (m), 507 (m) $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; MS (ESI) m/z: $381\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+5\right), 379\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right), 377$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right)$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}: \mathrm{C}, 47.53 ; \mathrm{H}$, 2.92; N, 7.39. Found: C, 47.26; H, 3.22; N, 7.21.

5-Bromo-3-phenyl-1-(2,4,6-trichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazole (10). White solid in $79 \%$ yield; mp $98-99^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 6.83(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}), 7.35-7.44(\mathrm{~m}, 3$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.50(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 106.75,116.15$, $125.77,128.65,128.68,128.72,131.96,133.50,136.36$, 136.80, 154.51; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3079 (m), 2924 (m), 1742 (m), 1555 (s), 1527 (m), 1496 (s), 1454 (s), 1385 (m), 1357 (m), 1067 (m), 977 (m), 857 (m), 824 (s) $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; MS (ESI) $m / z: 405\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+5\right), 403\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right)$, $401\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$; Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{BrCl}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$; C: 44.76; H: 2.00; N: 6.96, Found: C: 44.79; H: 1.98; N: 6.98 .

5-Bromo-3-phenyl-1-(2-quinolinyl)-1H-pyrazole (11). White solid in $74 \%$ yield; $\mathrm{mp} 121-122^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $300 \mathrm{MHz}) \delta 6.88$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}$ ), 7.39-7.57 (m, 3 H, ArH), 7.60-7.73 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.74-7.78(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH})$, 7.86-7.89 (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 8.04(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, ArH), 8.13 (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 8.29-8.32 (m, 1 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 110.03,113.17$, $116.34,125.82,126.87,127.32,127.54,128.69,128.71$, $129.07,130.28,132.05,138.69,146.18,150.57,153.59$; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3049 (w), 2921 (m), 1620 (m), 1600 (s), 1503 (s), 1433 (s), 1360 (s), 1229 (w), 1018 (m), 999 ( s ), 826 ( s$) \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; MS (ESI) $m / z: 352\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right), 350$ ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}$ ); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{13}{ }^{81} \mathrm{BrN}_{3}(\mathrm{M}+$ 3) 352.0272 , found 352.0270 ; calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{13}{ }^{79} \mathrm{BrN}_{3}$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 350.0293, found 350.0290; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{BrN}_{3}$ : C, 61.73; H, 3.45; N, 12.00. Found: C, 61.69; H, 3.42; N, 11.98.

5-Bromo-3-phenyl-1-(2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole (12). White solid in $82 \%$ yield; $\mathrm{mp} 55-56{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300\right.$ $\mathrm{MHz}) \delta 6.83(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}), 7.30-7.46$ (m, $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.78-7.96 (m, $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 8.58 (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 109.37,112.87,118.52$, 122.87, 125.75, 128.61, 128.67, 132.02, 138.41, 148.15, 151.80, 153.45; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3062 (w), 1587 (m), 1469 (s), 1444 (s), 1360 (m), 1308 (w), 1236 (w), 1076 (w), 999 (w) cm ${ }^{-1}$; MS (ESI) m/z: $302\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right.$ ), $300\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{11}{ }^{81} \mathrm{BrN}_{3}$ ( $\mathrm{M}+3$ ) 302.0116, found 302.0115; calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{11}{ }^{79} \mathrm{BrN}_{3}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right) 300.0136$, found 300.0134; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{BrN}_{3}$ : C, 56.02; H, 3.36; N14.00. Found: C, 56.05; H, 3.39; N, 14.03.

5-Chloro-3-phenyl-1-(2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole (13). White solid in $71 \%$ yield; $\mathrm{mp} 56-57^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300\right.$ $\mathrm{MHz}) \delta 6.81(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Py}), 7.30-7.46(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH})$, $7.79-7.90(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \operatorname{ArH}), 8.58(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=4.1 \mathrm{~Hz})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 50 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 109.42,112.90,118.55$, $122.90,125.79,128.70,132.05,138.46,148.16,151.81$, 153.50; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3045 (w), 2924 (m), 2856 (m), 1587 (m), 1456 (s), 1365 (m), 1003 (m) cm ${ }^{-1}$; MS (ESI) m/z: $258\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+3\right), 256\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{11}{ }^{37} \mathrm{ClN}_{3}(\mathrm{M}+3) 258.0612$, found 258.0616; calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{11}{ }^{35} \mathrm{ClN}_{3}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 256.0642, found 256.0641; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{ClN}_{3}$ : C, 65.76; H, 3.94; N, 16.43. Found: C, 65.73; H, 3.92; N, 16.46.

Standard procedure for the palladium-catalyzed dehalogenation of 5 -halopyrazoles (14-23). A solution of 5-halopyrazoles ( $1.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)_{2}$ catalyst ( $0.03 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.03$ equiv, $3 \% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{w}$ ) in toluene $(20 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added with $t$-BuOK $(2.0 \mathrm{mmol}$, 2.0 equiv) and heated at reflux for $1-4 \mathrm{~h}$ with bubble $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ (flow rate $10 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}$ ). After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite and the Celite bed was washed with toluene $(10 \mathrm{~mL} \times$ 2). The fitrate was washed with water $(10 \mathrm{~mL} \times 2)$,
brine ( $10 \mathrm{~mL} \times 2$ ), and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel $(20 \% \mathrm{EtOAc}$ in Hexanes as eluant) to give the corresponding dehalogenation products 14-23 in 83-98\% yields.
3-Isopropyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole (15). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $300 \mathrm{MHz}) \delta 1.32\left(\mathrm{~d}, 6 \mathrm{H}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 3.07-3.12 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 6.28$ (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Py})$, 7.21-7.24 (m, 1 H, ArH), 7.38-7.43 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.65 (d, $2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), $7.80(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=2.4$ $\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{Py}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 22.82,28.00$, 104.42, 118.88, 125.80, 127.04, 129.28, 140.32, 161.00; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3049 (w), 2963 (s), 2927 (m), 2870 (m), 1601 (s), 1531 (s), 1504 (s), 1462 (m), 1385 (m), 1302 (m), 1225 (w), 1088 (m), 1042 (s), 986 (m), 946 (s), 902 (m), 753 (s), 689 (m), 501 (w) $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; MS (ESI) $m / z: 187\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 187.1235, found 187.1236.

3-Phenyl-1-O-tolyl-1H-pyrazole (17). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $300 \mathrm{MHz}) \delta 2.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 6.76(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=1.4$ $\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{Py}$ ), 7.27-7.45 (m, $7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.63 (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=1.4$ $\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{Py}), 7.91(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 18.20,103.53,125.74,126.09$, 126.60, 127.81, 128.38, 128.60, 131.35, 131.90, 133.25, 133.72, 139.98, 152.25; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3062 (m), 2925 (m), 2852 (m), 1604 (m), 1583 (m), 1529 (m), 1504 ( s ), 1454 ( s$), 1386$ (m), 1359 (m), 1264 (m), 1099 (w), 1046 (m), 957 (m), 942 (m), 752 (s), 718 (m), 692 (s), 452 (w) $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; MS (ESI) m/z: $235\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right.$ ); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 235.1235, found 235.1234; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$ : C, 82.02; H , 6.02; N, 11.96. Found: C, 81.98; H, 6.04; N, 11.94.

1-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazole (20). Yellow solid; mp $109-110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta$ 6.82 (d, 1 H, $J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, Py), 7.32-7.48 (m, $6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.56 (d, 1 H, $J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, Py), 7.86-7.92 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 104.07,125.99,128.06$, 128.60, 128.70, 130.61, 132.88, 132.95, 134.72, 136.54, 153.15; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3060 (w), 2920 (m), 1567 (m), 1530 (m), 1503 (s), 1478 (m), 1439 (m), 1454 (m), 1358 (m), 1261 (m), 1199 (m), 1073 (m), 1036 (m), 955 (m), 941 (m), 794 (s), 750 ( s$), 693(\mathrm{~m})$, 636 (w) $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$ : C, 62.30; H , 3.49; N, 9.69. Found: C, 61.96; H, 3.22; N, 9.80.

3-Phenyl-1-(2-quinolinyl)-1H-pyrazole (22). White solid; $\mathrm{mp} 127-128^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 6.86(\mathrm{~d}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Py}$ ), $7.33-7.54$ (m, $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.71$7.76(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.84(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH})$, 7.96-8.06 (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 8.07-8.37 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), $8.86(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Py}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75\right.$ $\mathrm{MHz}) \delta 105.85,112.45,125.81,125.96,126.97,127.67$, $128.28,128.35,128.67,130.26,132.82,138.98,146.43$, 150.16, 153.99; IR (diffuse reflectance) 2916 (s), 2848 (m), 1598 (m), 1442 (m), 1359 (m), 1045 (w), 831 (m),

783 (m), 764 (m), 752 (m), 691 (m) cm ${ }^{-1}$; MS (ESI) 0702)74291d 225m/z: $272\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{~N}_{3}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 272.1188, found 272.1186; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{~N}_{3}$ : C, 79.68; H, 4.83; N, 15.49. Found: C, 79.71; H, 4.86; N, 15.52.

3-Phenyl-1-(2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole (23). Yellow solid; mp $70-71^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 6.80(\mathrm{~d}, 1$ $\mathrm{H}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Py}), 7.13-7.17$ (m, 1 H, ArH), 7.38-7.49 $(\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.80(\mathrm{td}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=7.7,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH})$, 7.97 (d, $2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.20 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), $8.12(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}), 8.42(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}), 8.62(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Py}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 75 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 105.22$, 112.36, 121.11, 125.86, 128.15, 128.19, 128.59, 132.87, $138.52,147.86,151.46,153.63$; IR (diffuse reflectance) 3132 (w), 3059 (m), 1593 (s), 1530 (m), 1503 (m), 1469 (m), 1454 (s), 1360 (m), 1322 (w), 1304 (w), 1265 (m), 1144 (w), 1067 (m), 992 (m), 955 (m), 761 (s), 722 (m), 692 (m), 620 (w), 408 (m) cm ${ }^{-1}$; MS (ESI) 0702)74291d 225m/z: $222\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{3}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right)$ 222.1031, found 222.1030; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{3}$ : C, 76.00; $\mathrm{H}, 5.01$; N, 18.99. Found: C, 76.03; H, 4.98; N, 18.96.

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